Kalifeldspat

Fig. 1.
Aus Filterrohr. (III 3.)
Einfacher Kalifeldspat.

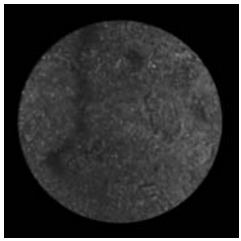

Fig. 2.
Im Bodenkörper (I 3) mit HCl gereinigt, daneben Leucitskelette. Der Kalifeldspat ist scheinbar einfach, in Wirklichkeit verzwillingt.

Fig. 3.
Zeolith Y und Globuliten desselben Zeolith im Filterrohr aus IV a 2.

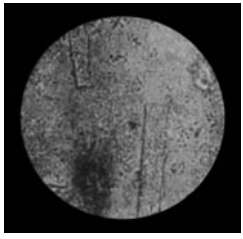

Fig. 4.
Zeolith A. (II 2.)
Gel und **Leucit.**

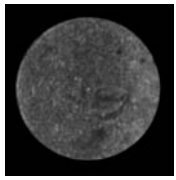

Fig. 5.
Analcim (III 1.)

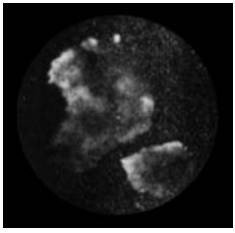

Fig. 6.
Glimmerzeolith
in polarisiertem Licht
(II 5 A.)

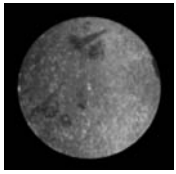

Fig. 7.
(IVb.4.) **Pektolithnadeln** und hexagon. Nephelintafeln (mit einschlußreichem Kern).

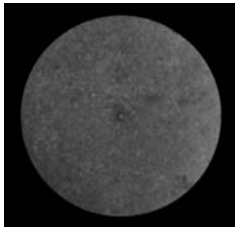

Fig. 8.
(IVb 4.) **Leucitvierling** (scheinbar rhombisch).

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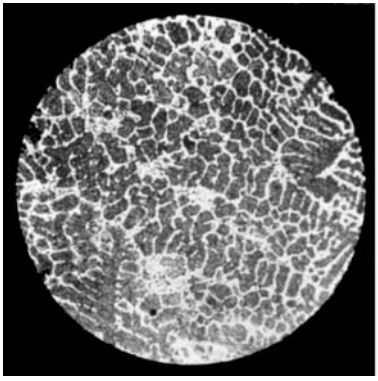
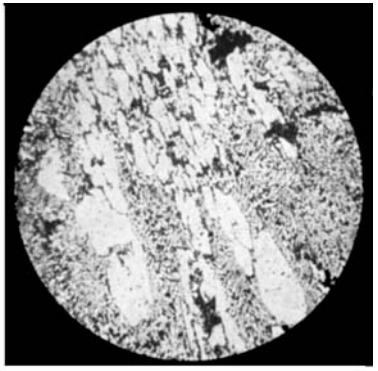
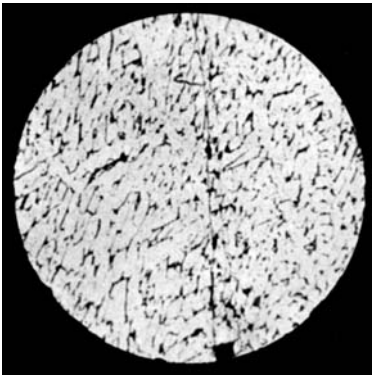


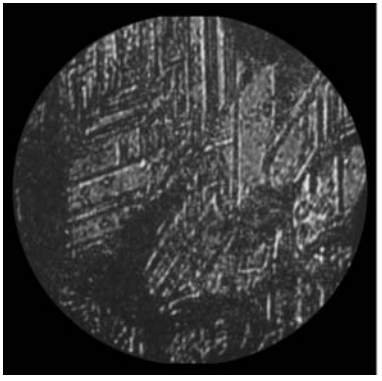
Leg. 1. 60f. 1.5% C.



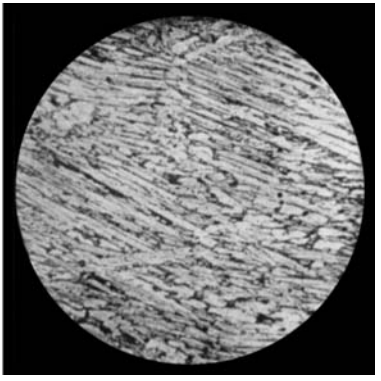
Leg. 3. 60f. 5.4% C.



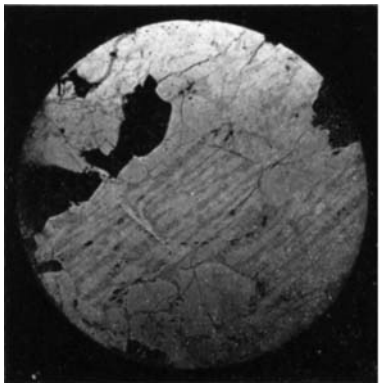
Leg. 5. 60f. 8.5% C.



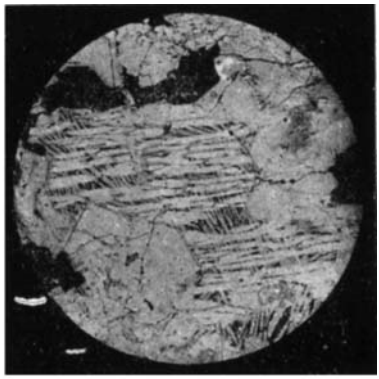
Leg. 5. 600f. 8.5% C.



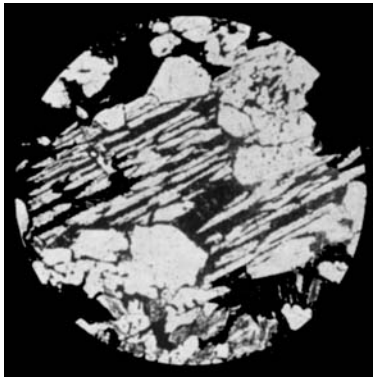
Leg. 6. 60f. 9.4% C.



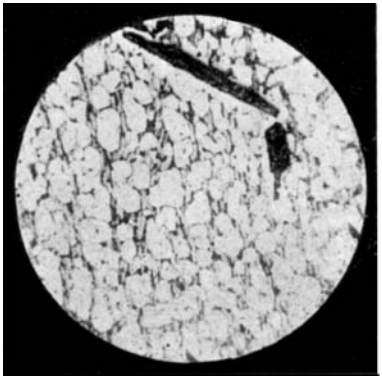
Leg. 8a. 60f. 10.1 %C. ungeätzt.



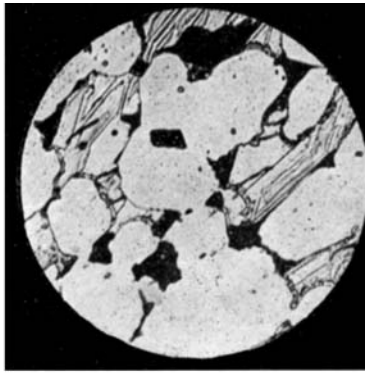
Leg. 8b. 60f. 10.1 % C. 10′ kalt geätzt.



Leg. 8c. 60f. 10.1 % C. 10′ heiß geätzt.



Leg. 13. 60f. 13.75 % C.



Leg. 13. 600f. 13.75 % C.

O. Ruff u. T. Foehr.

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